DISCUSSION MATERIAL 4 ^m workshop in Japan ১০ * বে

Country name: VIETNAM

Prepared by: Le Van Hoc and Bui Nam Sach Name of organization: RRBO

	Country	name: VIETNAM Name of organization: RRBO Discussion material (1)
1	Issue 1	Legal framework
_		• Law on Water Resources (No. 08/1998/QH10) was endorsed by the National Assembly on May 20, 1998 and
		has taken effect since January 1 st 1999.
		• Government Decree (Decree No. 179/1999/ND-CP) signed by the Prime Minister on December 30, 1999 on
		implementing the Law on Water Resources. This Decree has taken effect since January 15, 2000.
	Describe the	• Under the administration of the government, there are two water resources management ministries. Ministry of
	bad impact or	natural resource and environment (MONRE) in charge of national water resources management. Ministry of
	real trouble	Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD) manages water resources in river basins and irrigation systems;
	derived from	therefore the application of law on water resources in real life is difficult.
	the issue	
		• Functions and tasks of the relevant ministries and provincial departments are overlapped and not clearly defined for they have similar responsibilities in water resources management which include: water resources allocation, water rights, environment and water quality monitoring, dispute management etc
		• Each water user sector has its own organization for management and exploitation of water sources (agriculture, industry, aquaculture, domestic use, navigation etc). therefore, there has not been any integrated management or organization among these sub-sectors which leads to fragmented management.
		• In 1998 Law on Water Resources (No.8/1998/QH), MARD is appointed as the responsible ministry for water resources management (Art 58-2 stipulates that MARD is answerable to the Gov't for carrying out the State Management function on water resources.).
		According to the Law, the decree (No.179/1999/ND-CP) stipulates MARD's mandate on water resources management including granting water permits.
		• Up to now, 8 RBOs and sub-RBOs have been formed and respective provinces and are being operated in
		Vietnam, this establishment are also controlled by MARD.
		• However, sector reform was carried out in 2002. In the sector reform, MONRE was established to manage
		natural resources including water resources. The decree (No.91/2002/ND-CP) stipulates the assignment of
		MONRE on water resources management including granting water permits, data management, and accommodating NWRC. At that time, Vietnam Government had an intention to transfer the part of the mandate
		 on water resources management (especially regulation function) from MARD to MONRE. As a result, there have been some gaps among the Law on Water Resources and the other decree. This is the
		mandate overlap between MARD and MONRE. Also, the mandate transfer from MARD to MONRE has not been carried out.
2	Cause of the	Law and mechanism for law implementation arrangement are not compatible from the central to provincial
	issue	levels. The functions and tasks are overlapped. The integrated water resources management functions do not fall in responsibility of any organization.
3	Proposal 1	• Carry out planning and approve planning: Shoud Plan for water resources development in river basin and planning for management and exploitation of hydraulic infrastructure of river basin as technical and scientific basis for integrated and sectoral water resources managements (RBO).
	Proposal 2	• There should be guidelines on integrated water resources management, water rights and allocation for common application.
4	Remarks	· Adjust Law on Water Resources and Decree on law enforcement to adapt to Governmental and provincial
		 organization for the time being and for the future. Build decree to determine specific functions to state agencies who have to be responsible for integrated management of water resources and sectoral water resources management agency and the linkage between them.
		• Continue to establish RBOs and clearly identify functions, duties and mechanisms for these consultant organizations.
		· Formulate and approve: planning for water resources development in river basin and planning for management and exploitation of hydraulic infrastructure of river basin as technical and scientific basis for
		integrated and sectoral water resources managements.

		Discussion material (2)						
1	Issue 1:	Legal framework						
		- Law on Water Resources (No.08/1998/QH10) was endorsed by the national						
		assembly on may 20, 1998 and has taken effect since January 1st 1999						
		- Government Decree (decree No. 179/1999/ND-CP) signed by the Prime Minister on December 30, 1999 on implementing the law on water resources. This decree has taken effect since January 15, 2000.						
2	Proposal 1	• Carry out planning and approve planning: Shoud Plan for water resources development in river basin and planning for management and exploitation of hydraulic infrastructure of river basin as technical and scientific basis for integrated and sectoral water resources managements(RBO).						
	Proposal 2	• There should be guidelines on integrated water resources management, w rights and allocation for common application.					ent, water	
3	Procedures/Processes for the Proposal	 Clarification of the mandate among the water-related organizations. Promotion of RBO's activity. 						
4	Evaluation from the view point of effectiveness	• Law and relevant decrees will be applied and executed in actual context.						
	Evaluation from the view point of feasibility	• The government has planned to realize these proposals for they are also the requirements for the state and water users.						
	Evaluation from the view point of sustainability							
5	Implementation agenda	Items in procedures/processes	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
		1.						
		2.						
		3. A						
		+. 						
6	Difficulty in implementation of the proposal	 Largely depending on plans of government and sectors. There are disputes on functions and tasks of integrated and sectoral management of water resources; consensus in management and utilization of water resources as stipulated in law and to be enforced is difficult to reach. 						
7	Other related organizations							

	Discussion material (1)						
1	<u>Issue 2</u> :	 Organization So far, 8 RBOs and sub-RBOs have been formed by MARD and respective provinces and are being operated. 					
	Describe the bad impact or real trouble derived from the issue	• The tasks and functions have been fixed; the relevant organizations and members hold concurrently many positions. The RBO staff comes mainly from state administration agencies, rather than from water use households; RBO Office is present and importa					
		• Water resources development planning and infrastructure management and exploitation planning are being formulated yet not approved. Therefore, there is not legal and technical basis for the RBO to carry out its consultant functions in integrated wat					
2	Cause of the issue	• These RBOs are newly formed and being completed. Their positions are being consolidated. As a result, operation of RBOs is insignificant.					
3	Proposal	Complete the organization, finance and human resource, especially the office of RBO and capacity building for RBO.					
4	Remark						

	Discussion material (2)							
1	<u>Issue 2</u> :	Organization						
		• So far, 8 RBOs and sub-RBOs have been formed by MARD and respective provinces and are being operated.						
2	Proposal	Complete the organization, finance and human resource, especially the office of RBO and capacity building for RBO						
3 Procedures/Processes for the Proposal 1) Complete the organization and human resource, especially RBO (in terms of office, equipment, technology and personnel).								
		 Develop and issue regulations reflecting the position of RBO in MARD and to relevant water sectors. Develop and plan water resources development, management and exploitation of hydraulic structure system and approval of these plans. 						
		4) Capacity building and study tours to exchange experience and information for RBO's human resources.						
4	Evaluation from the view point of effectiveness	• Complete RBOs in terms of functions, tasks, organization mechanism, technical equipment capacity and position in MARD and in the eyes of various water use sectors The RBOs will be efficient consultant organization for integrated water resources manage						
	Evaluation from the view point of feasibility	 Proposals should be highly feasible once being paid attention by MARD and provinces. The high feasibility of these proposals is also required for integrated 						
	Evaluation from the view point of sustainability	• Once RBOs are perfected, they can operate and be able to provide consultant services to state and provincial administration agencies, not only on						
5	Implementation agenda	Items in procedures/processes 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 1.						
6	Difficult in implementation of the proposals	• RBO is a newly formed agency. The attention of government, sectors and provinces to this agency is not reasonable. There have not been water related						
7	Other related organizations							

Discussion material (1)

1	<u>Issue 3</u> :	Financial			
		The shortage of finance explains for the asynchronous investment in structures. The improvement and upgrading of old structures are not in time. The building of management and development plans is slow. As a result, the water resources management, water allocation and water rights are difficult to be implemented.			
	The bad impact or real trouble derived	 New structures can not put into operation whereas old ones can not fully operate due to their reduced capacity compared to design. Technical basis is not enough for water resources management, allocation and meeting water demands. Disputes on water supply and drainage of water use households become more prevailing. 			
2	Cause of the issue	• Despite good investment, resulted output and effectiveness are not reasonable. Each sector develops in its own way without any sound coordination which leads to incompatible development and integrated use of water resources can not be met.			
3	Proposal (1)	• Water fee need to be improved.			
	Proposal (2)	• Support financial for RBOs office.			
	Proposal (3)	• To complete the policy and mechanism for investment, management, taxation and exploitation of water resources for river basins.			
4	Remarks				

Discussion material (2)

1	Issue 3:	Financial					
		The shortage of finance explains for the asynchronous investme					
		structures. The improvement and upgrading of old structures are not in					
		time. The building of management and	l development plans is slow. As a				
		result, the water resources management	, water allocation and water rights				
		are difficult to be implemented.	_				
2	Proposal (1)	• Water fee need to be improved.					
	Proposal (2)	• Support financial for RBOs office.					
	Proposal (3)	• To complete the policy and mechanism for investment, management,					
		taxation and exploitation of water resour	rces for river basins.				
3	Procedures/Processes for the Proposal	Strengthening of financial basis for wate	r resources management, such as:				
	-	1) The Government and provinces show	ald finance the new construction of				
		infrastructure in a synchronous way and	d support regular maintenance and				
		upgrading of existing structures.					
		2) To seek for financing from interna	tional organizations, governmental				
		organizations, bilateral donors to invest in water resources development and					
		management.					
		3) Socialization of investment in hydraulic infrastructure, management a exploitation of hydraulic structures (<i>State, people and farmers operate</i>).					
		4) To complete the policy and mechanism for investment, management,					
		taxation and exploitation of water resources.					
4	Evaluation from the view point of	- Adequate investment will help increa					
	effectiveness	hydraulic infrastructure and meet the go					
		resources management, water allocation	and water rights into real life.				
	Evaluation from the view point of	- Financing should be mobilized from	m many sources. There should be				
	feasibility	proper and feasible mechanism for rights	-				
	Evaluation from the view point of	- Once financial requirements are	met the process of planning				
	sustainability	investment, management, exploitation of					
	Sustainuonney		water resources can be realized.				
5	Implementation agenda	Items in procedures/processes	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011				
		1.					
		2.					
		3.					
		4.					
6	Difficulty in implementation of the	Vietnam is a poor and developing countr	y. The allocation of capital in				
	proposals	water resources sector can not be improv					
7	Other related organizations						

	Discussion material (1)					
1	Issue 4	Technical				
		• Guidelines to integrated water resources management, water resources allocation, water rights are not available. Technical equipment, technology, science and staff capacity fail to meet requirements of the ministry, sector and RBOs. System of data and information is difficult to obtain, collected and synthesized.				
	The bad impact or real trouble derived	• Lack of procedure, criteria and technology for management and allocation of water resources. Empirical process and actual maneuver are the only basis for sector management, rather than general management.				
		• Provision of outdated technical, equipment and technology; lack of information exchange and training to build capacity of staff explain for low qualifications.				
2	Cause of the issue	• Each water user has separate procedure, criteria and technology for its own. Yet the coordination of them causes contradictions (among hydropower, agriculture, aquaculture, navigation, environment etc)				
3	Proposal	• Improved investment in advanced technology, equipment, technical science in order to facilitate the calculation, design and implementation of water resources management and allocation process.				
4	Remarks					

1											
	<u>Issue 4</u>	Discussion material (2) Technical • Guidelines to integrated water resources management, water resources allocation, water rights are not available. Technical equipment, technology, science and staff capacity fail to meet requirements of the ministry, sector and RBOs. System of data and information is difficult to obtain, collected and synthesized.									
2 I	Proposal	• Improved investment in advanced technology, equipment, technical science in order to water resources management and water allocation.									
	Procedures/Processes for the Proposal										
3. Training to improve capacity of personnel in water resources management is necessary.					Training to improve capacity of personnel in terms of technology and experience in ater resources management is necessary.						
		ogy, equipm entation of v									
	Evaluation from the view point of effectiveness	• The immediate efficiency is to assign state agencies and RBOs who are capable of technical and science with consultant and state administration tasks and functions.									
	Evaluation from the view point of feasibility										
	Evaluation from the view point of sustainability	• Investment in capacity building and tech be seen as sustainable.	nology, scie	ence, te	chnolog	y equipi	nent can				
	Implementation agenda	Items in procedures/processes 1. 2. 3. 4.	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011				
	Difficulty in implementation of the proposals	Different sector and organization should pup plan for implementation steps of the above m		•		egy and	specific				
7 (Other related organizations										